

Active layer material plays a critical role in promoting the performance of an organic solar cell (OSC). Small-molecule (SM) materials have the merits of well-defined chemical structures, few batch-to-batch variations, facile synthesis and purification procedures, and easily tuned properties. SM-donor and non-fullerene acceptor (NFA ...

All-small-molecule organic solar cells with good batch-to-batch reproducibility combined with non-halogen solvent processing show great potential for commercialization. However, non-halogen ...

Active layer material plays a critical role in promoting the performance of an organic solar cell (OSC). Small-molecule (SM) materials have the merits of well-defined chemical structures, few batch-to-batch variations, ...

To broaden the absorption spectra, modify the bulk-heterojunction microstructure, and suppress morphological evolution of the host blend, we introduce an asymmetric small-molecule acceptor, L8-S9, with a narrow ...

Amplifying the photovoltaic properties of azaBODIPY core based small molecules by terminal acceptors modification for high performance organic solar cells: A DFT approach. *Solar Energy* 2022, 233, 31-45. ... In this study, an efficient and stable large-area blade-coated org. solar cell (OSC) module with an active area of 216 cm² (16 elementary ...

Rational design of π -bridges for ambipolar DPP-RH-based small molecules in organic photovoltaic cells. / Eom, Yoonho; Song, Chang Eun; Shin, Won Suk et al. In: *Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry*, Vol. 45, 25.01.2017, p. 338-348. Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > peer-review.

Recently, organic solar cells have attracted the attention of many researchers owing to flexibility, low cost, light weight and large-area applications, and significant improvement in the power conversion efficiency (PCE). In this work, we designed chains from organic compounds as donors and replaced the core unit in each series with a variety of acceptors in ...

A rising trend in this field is the development of all-small-molecules organic solar cells (ASM-OSCs) due to their merits of excellent batch-to-batch reproducibility, well-defined ...

The active layer of organic solar cells (OSCs) is composed of a p-type conjugated polymer as the donor and an n-type organic semiconductor as the acceptor. Since the report of bulk-heterojunction OSCs with soluble C 60 derivative PCBM as the acceptor in 1995, fullerene derivatives, including PCBM and the C 70 derivative PC 71 BM, have been the dominant ...

Organic solar cells (OSCs) have attracted widespread attention as a potentially low-cost technology for solar power generation due to their advantages, such as lightweight, high throughput, semitransparency, and flexibility. 1, 2, 3 Currently, the power conversion efficiency (PCE) of polymer-based OSCs, which are based on polymer donors and small-molecule ...

voltage that a solar cell outputs under open-circuit conditions. Organic semiconductors: π -conjugated polymers or small molecules that can conduct when charge carriers are injected into them. Organic solar cells (OSCs): a type of photovoltaic that uses semiconductive organic polymers/small molecules for light absorption and charge transport to

Design of Diketopyrrolopyrrole (DPP)-Based Small Molecules for Organic-Solar-Cell Applications Ailing Tang, Chuanlang Zhan,* Jiannian Yao, and Erjun Zhou* DOI: 10.1002/adma.201600013 1. Introduction

Organic photovoltaic (OPV) cells, also known as organic solar cells, are a type of solar cell that converts sunlight into electricity using organic materials such as polymers and small molecules. 83,84 These materials are carbon-based and can be synthesized in a laboratory, unlike inorganic materials like silicon that require extensive mining ...

An organic solar cell (OSC [1]) or plastic solar cell is a type of photovoltaic that uses organic electronics, a branch of electronics that deals with conductive organic polymers or small organic molecules, [2] for light absorption and charge transport to produce electricity from sunlight by the photovoltaic effect.

Synergistic optimization of donor-acceptor blend morphology is a hurdle in the path of realizing efficient non-fullerene small-molecule organic solar cells (NFSM-OSCs) due to the anisotropic conjugated backbones of both donor and acceptor. Therefore, developing a facile molecular design strategy to effectively regulate the crystalline properties of photoactive ...

As a new type of clean energy technology, solar cells have been considered as a good candidate for effectively utilizing solar energy [1] is remarkable that organic solar cells (OSCs), with their well-known advantages of low cost, lightweight, and capability to fabricate flexible large-area devices, have shown great research value and considerable commercial ...

Context The development of high-efficiency photovoltaic devices is the need of time with increasing demand for energy. Herein, we designed seven small molecule donors (SMDs) with A- π -D- π -A backbones containing various acceptor groups for high-efficiency organic solar cells (OSCs). Molecular engineering was performed by substituting the acceptor group in ...

Luponosov, Y. N. et al. Effects of electron-withdrawing group and electron-donating core combinations on physical properties and photovoltaic performance in D- π -A star-shaped small molecules. Org ...

Considering rare researches on wide-bandgap nonfullerene acceptors for ternary organic solar cells (OSCs), we reported a small molecule acceptor ITCN as the second acceptor for constructing PM6/Y6/ITCN ternary devices with better photovoltaic performance in this work. ITCN exhibits a large bandgap of 2.19 eV and a higher LUMO (the lowest unoccupied ...

Organic photovoltaic (OPV) cells, also known as organic solar cells, are a type of solar cell that converts sunlight into electricity using organic materials such as polymers and ...

The acceptor-donor-acceptor (A-D-A) or A-DA"D-A structured small molecule acceptors (SMAs) have triggered substantial progress for polymer solar cells (PSCs). However, the high-cost of ...

In the last two years, polymer solar cells (PSCs) developed quickly with n-type organic semiconductor (n-OSs) as acceptor. In contrast, the research progress of nonfullerene organic solar cells (OSCs) with organic small molecule as donor and the n-OS as acceptor lags behind. Here, we synthesized a D-A structured medium bandgap organic small molecule H11 ...

Organic solar cells (OSCs) have attracted considerable attention from both academia and industry due to their portability, transparency, flexibility, and facile fabrication 1,2,3,4. Owing to the ...

1.2.1 Basic Principles of Organic Solar Cell Absorber Materials. To understand the peculiarities of small molecule organic solar cells, we briefly introduce the principles of how to assemble an organic molecular solid from isolated molecules in a bottom-up approach.

Organic solar cells (OSCs) have received widespread attentions because of their potential as cheap and flexible photovoltaic technology 1,2,3. The power conversion efficiency (PCE) of single ...

The ultrathin organic layers absorb UV light during solar cell operation, which is likely to result in the decomposition of these organic compounds. Simultaneously, elevated temperatures can induce the breakdown of bonds between the anchoring group of small SAM molecules and substrates, contributing to the degradation of PSCs.

All-small-molecule photovoltaic system shows its promising for high performance OSCs, and our study is likely to lead to insights in relations between bulk heterojunction structure and ...

Recently, solution-processed organic solar cells combining small-molecule donor and nonfullerene acceptor have achieved breakthrough results with the certified efficiency over 15%. These impressive progresses are driven by the concerted ...



Small molecules photovoltaic cells

Web: <https://www.ekusenitours.co.za>